**Table 5 Unemployment**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Unemployment measure:** | **Month/ period** | **Swansea** Total *(change)* | **Swansea**  Rate *(%-ch.)* | **Wales**  Rate *(%-ch.)* | **UK**  Rate *(%-ch.)* |
| **Claimant Count** (**unadjusted**) | **Jun 2025** | **5,320** | **3.4%** | 3.4% | 4.1% |
| *Change on quarter (Mar25 – Jun25)* | | *(+80)* | *(+1.5%)* | *(-1.5%)* | *(-0.3%)* |
| *Change on year (Jun24 – Jun25)* | | *(+40)* | *(+0.8%)* | *(+1.0%)* | *(+6.0%)* |
| **Unemployment** (**model-based** est.) | **Mar 2025** | **5,100** | **4.2%** | 3.5% | 3.9% |
| *Change on year (y/e Mar24 – y/e Mar25)* | | *(+700)* | *(+15.9%)* | *(+0.9%)* | *(+1.4%)* |

***Source****: ONS Labour Market Statistics releases (17 July 2025).*

**Notes**:

1. Claimant count rates expressed as a proportion of working age residents (aged 16-64).
2. A broader span of UC claimants are required to look for work than under JSA, which has increased the Claimant Count and affected its reliability as an economic indicator. As a result, the claimant count no longer has National Statistics status and is currently labelled an ‘official statistic in development’ by ONS.
3. The model-based estimates improve on the APS estimates of unemployment for local authorities by borrowing strength from the claimant count measure. Model-based unemployment (MU) rates expressed as a proportion of the economically active population aged 16 and over. A UK MU rate is not published therefore the APS unemployment rate is shown in the table. The survey-based unemployment totals and rates are subject to sampling variability, the effect of which increases at local levels.
4. Unemployment data is also included in our **“Labour Market Statistics”** bulletin, available at [www.swansea.gov.uk/economy](http://www.swansea.gov.uk/economy).
5. Statistics for claimants of Universal Credit and other employment and income related benefits are also available.

**Tabl 5 Diweithdra**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Mesur diweithdra:** | **Mis/ cyfnod** | **Abertawe**  Cyfanswm *(newid)* | **Abertawe**  Cyfradd *(%-n.)* | **Cymru**  Cyfradd *(%-n.)* | **Y DU**  Cyfradd *(%-n.)* |
| **Nifer yr hawlwyr** **(heb ei addasu)** | **Meh-25** | **5,320** | **3.4%** | 3.4% | 4.1% |
| *Newid ar y chwarter (Maw-25 – Meh-25)* | | *(+80)* | *(+1.5%)* | *(-1.5%)* | *(-0.3%)* |
| *Newid ar y flwyddyn (Meh-24 – Meh-25)* | | *(+40)* | *(+0.8%)* | *(+1.0%)* | *(+6.0%)* |
| **Diweithdra (amcangyfrif yn seiliedig ar fodel)** | **Maw-25** | **5,100** | **4.2%** | 3.5% | 3.9% |
| *Newid ar y flwyddyn (b/g Maw-24 – b/g Maw-25)* | | *(+700)* | *(+15.9%)* | *(+0.9%)* | *(+1.4%)* |

***Ffynhonnell****: Datganiadau ystadegau'r farchnad lafur y SYG (17 Gorffennaf 2025).*

**Nodiadau**:

1. Mynegir cyfraddau nifer yr hawlwyr fel cyfran o'r preswylwyr oedran gweithio (16-64 oed).
2. Mae’n ofynnol i fwy o hawlwyr Credyd Cynhwysol chwilio am waith na’r hyn sy’n ofynnol dan reolau'r Lwfans Ceisio Gwaith, sydd wedi cynyddu nifer y bobl sy'n hawlio budd-daliadau ac effeithio ar ei ddibynadwyedd fel dangosydd economaidd. O ganlyniad i hyn, nid oes gan nifer y bobl sy'n hawlio budd-daliadau statws Ystadegau Gwladol mwyach ac fe'i hystyrir fel 'Ystadegyn Swyddogol o dan Ddatblygiad' gan y Swyddfa Ystadegau Gwladol.
3. Mae'r amcangyfrifon sy'n seiliedig ar fodel, yn gwella yn yr amcangyfrifon APB ar gyfer diweithdra awdurdodau lleol trwy fenthyca cryfder o'r mesur nifer yr hawlwyr. Mynegir y cyfraddau diweithdra sy'n seiliedig ar fodel (DM) fel cyfran y boblogaeth 16 oed ac yn hŷn sy’n weithgar yn economaidd. Ni chyhoeddir cyfradd DM y DU felly dangosir cyfradd diweithdra'r APB yn y tabl. Mae cyfansymiau a chyfraddau diweithdra sy'n seiliedig ar arolygon yn agored i amrywioldeb samplu, y mae eu heffaith yn cynyddu'n lleol.
4. Mae data diweithdra hefyd wedi'i gynnwys yn ein bwletin “**Ystadegau'r Farchnad Lafur**”, sydd ar gael yn [www.abertawe.gov.uk/economi](http://www.abertawe.gov.uk/economi).
5. Mae ystadegau ar gyfer hawlwyr Credyd Cynhwysol a budd-daliadau eraill sy'n ymwneud â chyflogaeth ac incwm hefyd ar gael.